

## Year 5 - Verbs in a French week

### Vocabulary and pictures

**Previous Learning:** greetings, days of the week, likes and dislikes.

**Next step:** Develop use of verbs when discussing sports and family members.



lire

to read



manger

to eat



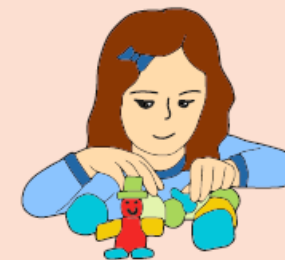
écrire

to write



dormir

to sleep



jouer

to play



nager

to swim



courir

to run



chanter

to sing



sauter

to jump



danser

to dance

## Year 5 - Verbs in a French week

### Sentence structure and phrases

**Previous Learning:** greetings, days of the week, likes and dislikes.

**Next step:** Develop use of verbs when discussing sports and family members.

#### Pronouns

Je	I
Tu	You (singular and informal)
Il	He/It (masculine singular)
Elle	She/It (feminine singular)
Nous	We
Vous	You (Plural or singular formal)
Ils	They (Masculine plural)
Elles	They (feminine plural)

Irregular verbs do not follow a standard spelling pattern. These are two key irregular verbs:

#### être - to be

Je suis	I am
Tu es	You are (singular and informal)
Il est	He is
Elle est	She is
Nous sommes	We are
Vous êtes	You are (Plural or singular formal)
Ils sont	They are (Masculine plural)
Elles sont	They are (feminine plural)

#### avoir - to have

J'ai	I have
Tu as	You have (singular and informal)
Il a	He/It has
Elle a	She/It has
Nous avons	We have
Vous avez	You have (Plural or singular formal)
Ils ont	They have (Masculine plural)
Elles ont	They have (feminine plural)



French speech marks are called **guillemets** and look like double arrow-heads. They go around the text like this:

Il a dit, «Bonjour ! »

He said, "Good morning!"



Je chante

I sing



Tu chantes

You sing



Il chante

He sings



Elle chante

she sings



Nous chantons

We sing



Vous chantez

You sing (plural)



Ils chantent

They sing (masculine)



Elles chantent

They sing (feminine)